_Terragen's Mylo® feed supplement lifts milk production and reduces methane in dairy cows

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The productivity-related findings from the study conducted at the Ellinbank Research Farm can be summarised as:

- → Cows fed Mylo[®] gained 21% more weight than the control cows across the course of study.
- → On average the cows on the Mylo[®] diet ate less feed but produced more milk, which means the feed conversion efficiency (FCE) of the cows fed Mylo[®] was higher (1.7% higher when expressed per unit of milk yield and 2.5% higher when expressed per kilogram of energy corrected milk).
- → Milk production from cows fed the Mylo[®] diet was 1.3% higher than that from cows fed the control diet.

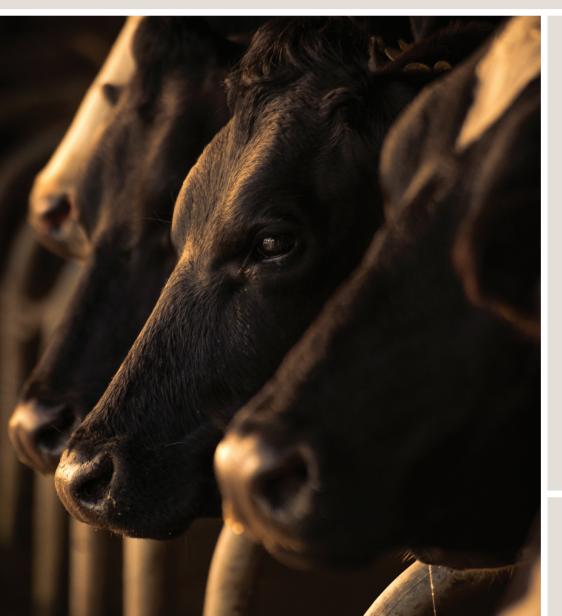


Features of Mylo®

- → Mylo[®] is ready right now it has been sold in the market since 2018
- → One in twenty-three Australian dairy cows are given Mylo[®] daily (as at April 2022)
- → Mylo[®] has been shown to improve cow health (lower somatic cell count)
- → Mylo[®] improves productivity
- \rightarrow Using Mylo[®] is cost effective
- → Mylo[®] is a certified organic input in Australia and New Zealand
- → Mylo[®] is a livestock feed supplement that is approved for use in Australia and New Zealand
- → Production of Mylo[®] can be scaled easily to meet growing demand



_Terragen's Mylo® feed supplement lifts milk production and reduces methane in dairy cows



The findings from the study conducted at the Ellinbank Research Farm can be summarised as:

- → Methane intensity (g CH₄/kg ECM^{*}) in the control group was 7.5% higher than in the Mylo[®] group. Methane production in the control group was 4.4% higher than in the Mylo[®] group.
- → Our findings suggest that by using Mylo[®] on an average dairy farm with 350 cows a reduction in carbon emissions equivalent to 100 tonnes of CO2 per year could be achieved.

A REDUCTION OF **100 tonnes of CO**₂ PER YEAR FOR A FARM WITH 350 COWS

* - ECM = energy corrected milk

